

# NATIONAL CONFERENCE of STATE LEGISLATURES The Forum for America's Ideas

# STATE-LEVEL DATA ON NET BUDGET IMPACT OF MEDICAID ELIGIBILITY PROVISIONS IN THE AMERICA'S HEALTHY FUTURE ACT

Using data from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, the Urban Institute, Kaiser Family Foundation and the Congressional Budget Office (CBO), Senate Finance Committee Democratic Staff released new estimates of state-by-state impact of provisions in the America's Healthy Future Act that expand Medicaid, reform and expand the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) and increase prescription drug rebates in the Medicaid program. The methodologies used in tabulation of this data are not available. For ease of use NCSL has formatted this material into individual state charts. There is no additional impact information available at this time, but as data is available it will be added to this document.

# Alabama

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*										
68.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
395,108	232,885	213,142	19,743	1,147,624	25.5%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
14,274	-38	248	1.7%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
14,274	139	1.0%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 											
14,274	68.0%	21	53	80	92	99	107	452	3.2%			

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

8	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Medicaid BaselineFMAPSpending (2014)Spending (2015)Spending (2016)Spending (2016)Spending (2017)Spending (2018)Spending (2018)Federal Spending 								
30,304	68.0%	273	668	1,023	1,173	1,254	1,363	5,754	19.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
4	15	19	19	13	14	16	17	18	18	151

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
14,274	192	-1.3%							

# Alaska

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*										
50.5	87.8	86.8	85.8	84.8	83.8	82.8				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
40,398	24,565	21,570	2,995	141,250	21.1%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
5,234	-9	124	2.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
5,234	97	1.9%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
5,234	50.5%	9	22	36	43	49	55	214	4.1%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
5,346	50.5%	43	105	159	181	191	206	886	16.6%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	36

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
5,234	152	-2.9%							

# Arizona

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
65.8	93.1	94.1	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Arizona is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
77,730	100,222	36,811	63,411	1,202,524	9.1%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
32,736	-1	308	0.9%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)	Wrap Around Coverage Costs	Change From Baseline					
32,736	150	0.5%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending.	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
32,736	65.8%	22	53	81	93	99	108	455	1.4%	

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
62,899	65.8%	69	171	263	301	322	350	1,477	2.3%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	3

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
32,736	294	-0.9%						

# **Arkansas**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
72.8	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
355,163	194,168	186,534	7,634	814,562	31.3%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
10,797	-22	495	4.3%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
10,797 220 2.0%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending (2016)State Spending 											
10,797	72.8%	28	69	106	122	130	141	596	5.5%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
28,912	72.8%	453	1,110	1,699	1,948	2,084	2,266	9,561	33.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	8	11	11	7	8	9	10	10	10	87

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
10,797	270	-2.5%							

# California

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
3,014,651	1,683,279	1,447,247	236,032	8,454,301	24.9%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
227,151	-355	3,699	1.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
227,151 2,205 1.0%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending <sup>1</sup>	**									
	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
227,151	50.0%	271	695	1,112	1,331	1,483	1,677	6,569	2.9%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
227,151	50.0%	1,238	3,002	4,547	5,158	5,458	5,868	25,272	11.1%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
39	138	178	178	118	128	148	158	168	168	1,422

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	erage ilies							
227,151	3,654	-1.6%							

# Colorado

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019							
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
443,134	237,088	221,553	15,535	658,431	56.3%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
18,448	-31	785	4.3%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
18,448	140	0.8%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
18,448	50.0%	41	106	171	207	233	265	1,022	5.5%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
18,448	50.0%	227	551	834	945	1.000	1,074	4,631	52.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	12	15	15	10	11	13	14	15	15	124

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	gg							
18,448	253	-1.4%						

# Connecticut

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
184,626	101,327	88,573	12,754	597,145	20.4%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
25,515	-28	411	1.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
25,515 234 0.9%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup> Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2018). Spending <sup>1</sup>							014-2019).					
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)			
25,515	50.0%	27	68	109	131	147	166	648	2.5%			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fed	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)										
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
Federal Original Federal Spending Spending Spending (2014)  Federal Spending Spending (2015)  Federal Spending Spending (2017)  Federal Spending Spending (2018)  Federal Spending Spending (2018)  Federal Spending Spending (2019)  Federal Spending (2019)											
25,515	50.0%	126	305	462	525	555	597	2,570	10.1%		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	11	14	14	9	10	12	13	13	13	114

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
25,515	357	-1.4%						

# **Delaware**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019									
50.0	77.3	78.3	79.3	80.3	81.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Delaware is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
15,187	13,378	7,355	6,024	209,887	6.8%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
6,783	-11	40	0.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline								
6,783 45 0.7%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	ange in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup> Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 3						int increase for	"Other" states (2	014-2019).	
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
6,783	50.0%	6	15	22	25	27	28	123	1.8%

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).								
		FMA	AP capped at 95%	%. 100% FMAP	for "High-Need	l" states (2014-2	018).		
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
6,783	50.0%	11	28	44	50	54	60	248	3.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	4	6	6	4	4	5	5	5	5	45

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
6,783	83	-1.2%						

# **District of Columbia**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019				
70.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

The District of Columbia is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Total   Change From					
42,377	22,389	20,278	2,110	183,960	13.9%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
5,156	-7	-10	-0.2%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)	Wrap Around Coverage Costs	Change From Baseline					
5,156	22	0.4%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State Spending 2014-2019  Medicaid Baseline Spending  Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2018).  Spending								014-2019).	
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
5,156	70.0%	2	6	9	10	11	11	48	0.9%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fed	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)								
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
12,032	70.0%	29	71	108	124	133	144	609	5.1%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	3	4	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	29

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)									
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline								
5,156	52	-1.0%								

# <u>Florida</u>

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
55.4	92.7	91.7	90.7	89.7	88.7	87.7			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

	Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
	Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline Change From 2019							
Ī	1,880,571	991,276	916,027	75,249	3,757,431	35.8%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
79,681	-106	1,200	1.5%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
79,681 806 1.0%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

	Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).										
Spending <sup>1</sup>	гмаг сарре	FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
or comme	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State 										
79,681	55.4%	85	226	375	463	531	616	2,295	2.9%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fed	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
98,976	55.4%	750	1,819	2,755	3,125	3,308	3,557	15,314	15.5%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
12	41	53	53	35	38	44	47	50	50	424

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline					
79,681	1,477	-1.9%					

# Georgia

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*								
94.5	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
983,048	545,269	499,084	46,184	2,281,285	31.4%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
30,117	-43	787	2.6%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
30,117	459	1.5%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
30,117	64.5%	48	117	179	205	219	238	1,006	3.3%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)								
•	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
54,696	64.5%	581	1,423	2,178	2,498	2,672	2,905	12,257	22.4%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
5	17	22	22	14	16	18	19	21	21	174

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
30,117	504	-1.7%						

# Hawaii

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
55.1	82.4	83.4	84.4	85.4	86.4	87.4			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Hawaii is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
16,255	14,079	4,995	9,084	183,416	8.3%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)				
6,635	-8	29	0.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)	Wrap Around Coverage Costs	Change From Baseline					
6,635	79	1.2%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending.	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
6,635	55.1%	5	13	20	23	24	26	111	1.7%	

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
8,145	55.1%	10	25	38	44	47	52	215	2.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	3	4	4	3	3	3	4	4	4	32

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
6,635	130	-2.0%							

# Idaho

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*										
69.8	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
140,923	73,582	69,360	4,221	306,226	31.6%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
4,478	-8	87	1.9				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
4,478 67 1.5%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 											
4,478	69.8%	6	15	23	27	29	31	132	2.9%			

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Medicaid Baseline Spending Spe								
10,336	69.8%	91	222	340	390	417	453	1,912	18.5%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019         Cumulative									
1	3	4	4	3	3	3	3	4	4	31

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
4,478	81	-1.8%							

# Illinois

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
50.3	87.6	86.6	85.6	84.6	83.6	82.6			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline Change From 2019								
959,467	524,383	462,660	61,723	2,274,807	30.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
70,965	-135	1,334	1.9%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
70,965 649 0.9%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
70,965	50.3%	105	270	435	522	584	662	2,578	3.6%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
71,880	50.3%	520	1,262	1,910	2,167	2,292	2,464	10,615	14.8%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
15	52	67	67	45	49	56	60	64	64	540

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
70,965	1,353	-1.9%						

# Indiana

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019								
64.3	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline			
545,014	287,472	267,767	19,706	1,170,982	32.5%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
23,457	-31	308	1.3%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline								
23,457	190	0.8%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
23,457	64.3%	23	57	88	101	108	117	494	2.1%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Ü	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
42,175	64.3%	306	749	1,147	1,315	1,407	1,529	6,454	15.3%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	12	16	16	10	11	16	14	15	15	125

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
23,457	251	-1.1%							

# Iowa

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
62.6	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	94.9			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Total Enrolled Baseline Change From 2019								
217,839	116,462	105,179	11,284	549,176	26.9%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
12,320	-23	56	0.5%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
12,320	100	0.8%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 										
12,320	62.6%	10	26	39	45	48	53	222	1.8%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	ral Spending 201 Chairman's Mar	k: 27.3 % point	increase for "E		s and 37.3-32.3 % for "High-Need			ates (2014-2019).	
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
20,640	62.6%	118	290	444	509	544	591	2,496	12.1%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	9	12	12	8	8	10	10	11	11	93

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
12,320	173	-1.4%						

# Kansas

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
60.1	95.0	95.0	95.0	94.4	93.4	92.4			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Enrolled Baseline								
240,166	126,570	117,706	8,864	482,211	35.6%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
10,616	-14	145	1.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
10,616	79	0.7%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Original State State State State State State State Spending Spendi							Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
10,616	60.1%	9	23	35	44	52	63	226	2.1%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
15,977	60.1%	117	287	439	501	530	570	2,445	15.3%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	5	7	7	5	5	6	6	7	7	56

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
10,616	104	-1.0%						

# Kentucky

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*								
70.1	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
378,048	208,520	192,899	15,621	970,472	27.4%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)				
16,611	-43	274	1.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
16,611	124	0.7%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
16,611	70.1%	23	57	87	99	106	116	488	2.9%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
38,999	70.1%	314	769	1,177	1,350	1,444	1,569	6,622	17.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
5	17	21	21	14	15	18	19	20	20	170

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
16,611	168	-1.0%							

# Louisiana

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
71.3	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline			
534,728	287,059	270,130	16,928	1,195,838	31.6%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
20,310	-69	66	0.3%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
20,310 134 0.7%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)		
20,310	71.3%	18	43	66	76	81	88	371	1.8%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

, and the second	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
50,482	71.3%	257	631	965	1,107	1,184	1,287	5,432	10.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
8	27	34	34	23	25	29	31	33	33	276

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
20,310	163	-0.8%						

# Maine

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019							
64.4	91.7	92.7	93.7	94.7	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Maine is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Eligible   Previously Eligible   Enrolled   Baseline   Change From 2019   Change From 201								
66,408	34,954	32,307	2,647	381,995	10.1%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
9,488	-16	-121	-1.3%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
9,488 89 0.9%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
9,488	64.4%	6	14	19	19	20	22	99	1.0%

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
17,171	64.4%	53	131	203	235	252	274	1,148	6.7%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	6	8	8	5	6	7	7	8	8	66

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)									
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline								
9,488	244	-2.6%								

#### Maryland

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2014   2015   2016   2017   2018   2019							
50.0	77.3	78.3	79.3	80.3	81.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Maryland is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
490,108	256,656	229,032	27,624	913,774	39.1%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPI (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
34,526	-32	1,769	5.1%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)	Wrap Around Coverage Costs	Change From Baseline					
34,526	432	1.3%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending.	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
34,526	50.0%	103	244	359	397	408	425	1,936	5.6%

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).									
	FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
34,526	50.0%	299	741	1,147	1,331	1,440	1,583	6,541	18.9%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
4	13	16	16	11	12	13	14	15	15	129

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
34,526	470	-1.4%						

# Massachusetts

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019							
50.0	77.3	78.3	79.3	80.3	81.3	82.3		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Massachusetts is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
0	52,239	0	52,239	3,614,971	1.5%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
67,224	-71	-37	-0.1%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
67,224 514 0.8%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Original State State State State State State Total State Chan								Change from Baseline (%)		
67,224	4 50.0% 29 72 111 127 136 147 622 0.9%									

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)									
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
67,224	50.0%	29	72	111	127	136	147	622	0.9%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
8	28	36	36	24	26	30	32	34	34	285

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	line State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019) Change in Baseline						
67,224	888	-1.3%					

# Michigan

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
60.3	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	92.6			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Michigan is a "High-need" state-A state which has total Medicaid enrollment below the national average for Medicaid enrollment as a percent of state population and has a seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate greater than 12% for August 2009.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
756,827	396,415	360,486	35,929	1,992,976	24.8%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
43,054	-73	-70	-0.2%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline								
43,054 346 0.8%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
43,054	60.3%	15	36	56	64	68	214	454	1.1%	

1 Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)									
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
65,312	60.3%	398	976	1,494	1,713	1,833	1,853	8,267	12.7%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
8	28	36	36	24	26	30	32	34	34	291

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
43,054	578	-1.3%						

# Minnesota

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*	2014	2014   2015   2016   2017   2018   2019								
50.0	77.3	78.3	79.3	80.3	81.3	82.3				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Minnesota is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

0 1	Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019									
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	d Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
311,167	185,226	147,387	37,840	760,068	32.2%					

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)						
41,775	-31	631	1.5%						

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline								
41,775	291	0.7%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	line FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 									
41,775	50.0%	60	143	213	236	245	258	1,155	2.8%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)										
Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)		
41,775	50.0%	152	377	584	677	732	804	3,327	8.0%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	12	15	15	10	11	13	14	14	14	123

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
41,775	693	-1.7%						

# Mississippi

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*								
75.8	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
338,865	175,565	162,401	13,164	896,851	24.3%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
10,801	-21	163	1.5%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
10,801	115	1.1%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Original State State State State State State Change									Change from Baseline (%)	
10,801	75.8%	13	33	50	57	61	66	280	2.6%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Ü	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
33,905	75.8%	193	473	724	830	888	965	4,074	12.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	8	11	11	7	8	9	9	10	10	85

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
10,801	147	-1.4%						

# Missouri

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
63.2	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
465,913	248,725	217,420	31,306	1,352,901	22.5%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
28,302	-64	236	0.8%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
28,302	300	1.1%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending.	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
28,302	63.2%	27	67	103	118	126	137	578	2.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
48,585	63.2%	277	678	1,038	1,190	1,273	1,384	5,839	12.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
7	25	32	32	21	23	27	29	30	30	257

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
28,302	385	-1.4%						

# Montana

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019								
68.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
94,377	50,310	46,090	4,220	191,175	35.7%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
3,014	-5	84	2.8%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
3,014	44	1.5%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State  Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
3,014	68.0%	6	14	21	24	26	28	120	4.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
6,417	68.0%	73	178	272	312	334	363	1,530	23.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	2	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	20

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
3,014	60	-2.0%						

# Nebraska

	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019							
Ī	59.5	95.0	95.0	94.8	93.8	92.8	91.8	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Eligible   Previously Eligible   Enrolled   Baseline   Change From 2019							
136,429	70,181	65,911	4,270	317,267	28.4%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
7,465	-19	47	0.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
7,465	99	1.3%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019  Medicaid Baseline Spending Spe									014-2019).
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
7,465	59.5%	6	15	23	30	35	42	150	2.0%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
10,985	59.5%	77	189	289	328	348	374	1,606	14.6%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	7	10	10	6	7	8	9	9	9	77

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline					
7,465	125	-1.7%					

# Nevada

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*								
50.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	82.3		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Nevada is a "High-need" state-A state which has total Medicaid enrollment below the national average for Medicaid enrollment as a percent of state population and has a seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate greater than 12% for August 2009.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
236,579	121,807	111,691	10,116	318,996	61.8%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baselin (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
7,558	-11	124	1.6%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
7,558 68 0.9%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
7,558	50.0%	5	12	19	21	23	122	201	2.7%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fed	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)								
Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
7,558	50.0%	114	280	429	492	526	475	2,315	30.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	4	6	6	4	4	5	5	5	5	44

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	The same and the s						
7,558	101	-1.3%					

# **New Hampshire**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
83,028	42,941	37,816	5,126	133,206	47.6%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)				
6,263	-9	136	2.2%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
6,263	61	1.0%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
6,263	50.0%	7	19	30	36	40	45	177	2.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)								
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
6,263	50.0%	35	85	128	145	154	165	712	11.4%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	4	5	5	3	3	4	4	4	4	38

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
6,263	64	-1.0%						

# **New Jersey**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019									
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019									
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline									
618,089	370,793	313,121	57,672	1,275,636	41.0%				

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
48,002	-79	1,495	3.1%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
48,002 347 0.7%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 											
48,002	50.0%	77	198	316	378	420	474	1,863	3.9%			

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
48,002	50.0%	340	825	1,249	1,417	1,500	1,613	6,944	14.5%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
9	31	39	39	26	28	33	35	37	37	314

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
48,002	402	-0.8%							

# **New Mexico**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019									
70.9	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
223,261	128,031	118,951	9,079	561,744	29.5%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
10,928	-2	241	2.2%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
10,928 148 1.4%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
10,928	70.9%	14	35	53	61	65	71	298	2.7%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	ral Spending 201 Chairman's Mar	k: 27.3 % point	increase for "Ex		s and 37.3-32.3 % for "High-Need			ates (2014-2019).	
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
26,599	70.9%	196	481	736	844	903	982	4,143	15.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	6

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
10,928	198	-1.8%						

# **New York**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
50.0	77.3	78.3	79.3	80.3	81.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

New York is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

<i>O V</i>	Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline			
256,946	303,480	117,670	158,810	4,621,002	7.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
271,854	-498	-986	-0.4%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)	Wrap Around Coverage Costs	Change From Baseline					
271,854	1,381	0.5%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State  Medicaid  Baseline  Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's N	Spending 2014-2019  Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)		
271,854	50.0%	148	360	545	619	655	705	3,032	1.1%		

<sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fed	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Marks 27.3.29 (maint increase for "Fernancian" states and 27.3.23.29 (maint increase for "Other" states (2014-2019)									
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
271,854	50.0%	228	562	866	999	1,075	1,176	4,905	1.8%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
55	194	249	249	166	180	208	222	235	235	1,994

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
271,854	3,405	-1.3%						

# North Carolina

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019									
64.6	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
904,305	493,435	488,555	44,880	1,877,992	35.6%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
42,092	-101	592	1.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
42,092	315	0.7%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
openung	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 											
42,092	64.6%	58	141	216	248	265	288	1,216	2.9%			

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Medicaid BaselineFMAPSpending (2014)Spending (2015)Spending (2016)Spending (2016)Spending (2017)Spending (2018)Spending (2018)Federal (2019)Baseline 								
76,812	64.6%	684	1,677	2,567	2,943	3,148	3,422	14,441	18.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
11	39	50	50	34	36	42	45	48	48	402

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
42,092	536	-1.3%						

# North Dakota

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
93.2	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Enrolled Baseline								
44,174	23,512	21,550	1,962	85,586	37.9%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
2,348	-3	15	0.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
2,348 4 0.2%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	e FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							014-2019).	
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
2,348	63.2%	2	4	7	8	8	9	38	1.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
4,023	63.2%	22	54	82	94	101	110	463	11.5%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)										
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
0	1	2	2	1	1	1	1	2	2	13

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline					
2,348	14	-0.6%					

# Ohio

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*								
62.1	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	94.4		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019									
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline									
781,979	436,053	388,448	47,606	2,215,780	24.5%				

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
55,493	-67	541	1.0%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
55,493	281	0.5%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State  Medicaid  Baseline  Spending <sup>1</sup>	FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending (2016)State Spending (2017)State Spending (2018)State Spending (2018)State Spending (2019)Total State Spending (3019)Change from Spending (3019)									
55,493	62.1%	43	106	162	185	198	228	922	1.7%	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
91,082	62.1%	459	1,124	1,721	1,973	2,111	2,282	9,671	10.6%

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
7	26	34	34	22	24	28	30	32	32	269

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
55,493	394	-0.7%						

#### Oklahoma

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*									
65.9	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline Change From 2019								
391,641	217,949	193,738	24,211	766,240	39.8%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	1 0 ,					
15,283	-31	363	2.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
15,283	167	1.1%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Medicaid Baseline	r									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
15,283	65.9%	25	61	93	106	114	124	522	3.4%	

Turban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)									
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
29,536	65.9%	276	676	1,035	1,187	1,270	1,380	5,832	19.7%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	12	15	15	10	11	13	14	14	14	123

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
15,283	204	-1.3%							

# **Oregon**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
62.5	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	94.8			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Oregon is a "High-need" state-A state which has total Medicaid enrollment below the national average for Medicaid enrollment as a percent of state population and has a seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate greater than 12% for August 2009.

0 1	Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline					
50,506	70,059	22,954	47,105	547,797	14.7%				

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)						
14,402	-16	301	2.1%						

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline								
14,402	113	0.8%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Medicaid Baseline	seline FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
14,402	62.5%	20	48	73	84	90	104	419	2.9%	

<sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Federa		k: 27.3 % point	increase for "Ex	-	s and 37.3-32.3 % for "High-Need	-		ntes (2014-2019).	
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
23,952	62.5%	58	142	217	249	266	283	1,214	5.1%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	6	8	8	5	6	7	7	8	8	65

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline						
14,402	166	-1.2%						

### Pennsylvania

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
54.5	81.8	82.8	83.8	84.8	85.8	86.8			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Pennsylvania is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Previously Eligible   Enrolled   Baseline   Change From 2019   Baseline								
818,390	432,101	375,899	56,202	2,162,897	25.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseli (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
85,767	-42	1,776	2.1%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
85,767 758 0.9%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Medicaid Baseline	Baseline pending FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original State State Spending (2014) State Spending (2015) State Spending (2016) State Spending (2017) State State Spending (2018) State Spending (2018) State Spending (2019)									
85,767	54.5% 121 284 417 458 467 484 2,231 2.6%									

<sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending¹Original Spending (2014)Federal Spending (2015)Federal Spending (2016)Federal Spending (2016)Federal Spending (2017)Federal Spending (2018)Federal Spending (2018)Federal Spending (2019)Federal Spending (2019)Federal Spending (3019)							Baseline		
102,815	54.5%	436	1,079	1,670	1,935	2,093	2,299	9,511	9.3%

Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
5	16	21	21	13	14	18	19	20	20	170

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline       State Savings from Optional Coverage       Change in Baseline         Spending       Savings: Families (2013-2019)								
85,767	1,043	-1.2%						

### **Rhode Island**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
52.6	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	100.0	84.9			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Rhode Island is a "High-need" state-A state which has total Medicaid enrollment below the national average for Medicaid enrollment as a percent of state population and has a seasonally-adjusted unemployment rate greater than 12% for August 2009.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
50,089	28,345	23,467	4,878	259,112	12.3%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
9,381	-9	-85	-0.9%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
9,381 96 1.0%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).									
Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	FMAP cappe	FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
9,381	52.6%	3	8	12	13	14	39	89%	0.9	

<sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Federa		k: 27.3 % point	increase for "Ex	-	and 37.3-32.3 % for "High-Need			ates (2014-2019).	
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
10,406	52.6%	35	85	130	149	160	150	710	6.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	3	4	4	3	3	4	4	4	4	34

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
9,381	235	-2.5%							

### **South Carolina**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019							
70.1	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019						
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline	
390,058	221,559	211,300	10,260	1,055,361	26.6%	

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)			
14,729	-32	237	1.6%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
14,729	85	0.6%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019								
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).							
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
14,729	70.1%	19	47	37	83	89	97	408	2.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
34,482	70.1%	295	722	1,106	1,268	1,356	1,474	6,222	18.0%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
4	13	16	16	11	12	13	14	15	15	129

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Saving	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
14,729	126	-0.9%							

### **South Dakota**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
62.6	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	94.9			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
51,294	27,634	25,902	1,732	142,552	24.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
2,985	-5	24	0.8%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
2,985	30	1.0%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019											
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).											
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 											
2,985	62.6%	2	6	9	10	11	12	50	1.7%			

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Medicaid FMAP Spending Spendin								
4,986	62.6%	31	76	117	134	143	155	656	13.2%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	20

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
2,985	36	-1.2%							

### **Tennessee**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Original FMAP*	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019									
64.3	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Enrolled Baseline								
171,277	113,413	76,876	36,536	1,324,598	9.4%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
29,992	-70	-17	-0.1%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
29,992	173	0.6%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
29,992	64.3%	20	49	75	86	92	100	420	1.4%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
53,973	64.3%	114	279	427	489	523	569	2,400	4.4%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
8	27	35	35	23	25	29	31	33	33	282

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
29,992	328	-1.1%							

### **Texas**

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019							
59.4	95.0	95.0	94.7	93.7	92.7	91.7			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline		
3,099,960	1,669,607	1,554,318	115,289	5,024,125	49.8%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)				
102,804	-188	2,892	2.8%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
102,804	860	0.8%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
102,804	59.4%	151	369	584	750	889	1,060	3,803	3.7%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

- U	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
150,657	59.4%	1,871	4,584	6,998	7,943	8,411	9,048	38,855	25.8%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
21	73	94	94	63	68	78	83	89	89	751

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
102,804	1,020	-1.0%							

### Utah

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
70.7	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline								
240,698	122,194	112,316	9,878	458,612	36.3%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
5,311	-13	95	1.8%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
5,311 72 1.4%								

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
Spending	Original FMAPState Spending (2014)State Spending (2015)State Spending 										
5,311	70.7%	9	23	35	40	43	47	198	3.7%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Medicaid BaselineFMAPSpending (2014)Spending (2015)Spending (2016)Spending (2016)Spending (2017)Spending (2018)Spending (2018)Federal (2018)Baseline 								
12,822	70.7%	125	307	470	539	577	627	2,646	20.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	5	6	6	4	5	5	6	6	6	52

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
5,311	123	-2.3%							

### Vermont

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*									
59.5	86.8	87.8	88.8	89.8	90.8	91.8			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Vermont is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Eligible   Newly Eligible   Newly Eligible   Newly Eligible   Newly Eligible   Newly Eligible   Enrolled   Change From 2019   Baseline								
0	5,723	0	5,723	149,040	4.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)						
5,475	-11	-80	-1.5%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
5,475 69 1.3%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
5,475	59.5%	2	4	6	7	8	8	36	0.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)									
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).								
		FMA	AP capped at 95%	%. 100% FMAP	for "High-Need	" states (2014-2	018).		
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
8,026	59.5%	2	6	9	11	11	12	52	0.6%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	4	6	6	4	4	5	5	5	5	46

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline					
5,475	138	-2.5%					

# Virginia

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019			
50.0	87.3	86.3	85.3	84.3	83.3	82.3			

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline			
617,116	328,826	307,821	21,005	1,096,583	42.8%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)					
31,875	-30	1,288	4.0%					

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
31,875	239	0.8%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
31,875	50.0%	59	154	249	302	340	387	1,491	4.7%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
31,875	50.0%	333	807	1,221	1,384	1,464	1,573	6,781	21.3%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
3	12	15	15	10	11	13	14	14	14	122

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
31,875	321	-1.0%							

# Washington

Medicaid	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
50.9	78.2	79.2	80.2	81.2	82.2	83.2		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Washington is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Eligible   Newly							
11,562	81,103	4,587	76,516	1,129,683	7.7%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending							
36,741	-52	210	0.6%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019)   Wrap Around Coverage Costs   Change From Baseline							
36,741 514 1.4%							

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019										
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	ine FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
эрсиинд	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)		
36,741	50.9%	30	73	112	128	127	148	627	1.7%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)										
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).										
E 1 1											
Federal Medicaid	Original FMAP	Federal Spending	Federal Spending	Federal Spending	Federal Spending	Federal Spending	Federal Spending	Total Federal	Change from Baseline		
Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		(2014)	(2015)	(2016)	(2017)	(2018)	(2019)	Spending (\$)	(%)		
38,148	50.9%	33	81	124	142	152	166	698	1.8%		

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2010         2011         2012         2013         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019         Cumulative									
6	20	26	26	17	19	22	23	24	24	207

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	The same and the s						
36,741 724 -2.0%							

# West Virginia

	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)								
	Original FMAP*         2014         2015         2016         2017         2018         2019								
Ī	73.795.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0	95.0		

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019							
Newly Eligible   Newly Enrolled   Newly Enrolled   Newly Eligible   Previously Eligible   Enrolled   Baseline							
195,945	108,492	103,370	5,122	421,173	34.7%		

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings					
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2019) Change from Baseline (2010-2012) (2010-2019)					
7,002	-22	77	1.1%			

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
7,002	49	0.7%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State	Change in State Spending 2014-2019									
Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>		Chairman's Mark: 27.3-32.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Original State State State State State Ch								Change from Baseline (%)		
7,002	73.7%	8	21	32	36	39	42	178	2.5%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Ü	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
19,651	73.7%	132	323	494	567	606	659	2,780	14.1%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
2	8	11	11	7	8	9	10	10	10	87

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: op	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending									
7,002	63	-0.9%							

# Wisconsin

Medica	Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)									
Origina FMAP	nal P* 2014 2015 2016 2017 2018 2019									
59.4	86.7	87.7	88.7	89.7	90.7	91.7				

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Wisconsin is an expansion state-a state with coverage of parents and childless adults at or above 100% of the FPL that is not based on employer or employment. Such coverage may be less comprehensive than Medicaid, but must be more than premium assistance, hospital-only benefits, or health savings accounts.

0 .	Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	d Newly Enrolled Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible Enrolled Baseline							
324,177	180,936	158,028	22,909	1,128,229	19.1%				

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)						
23,587	-35	80	0.3%						

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline								
23,587	131	0.6%						

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending

Change in State  Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	FMAP capped at 95%. AP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
23,587	59.4%	23	52	76	82	82	83	398	1.7%	

<sup>1</sup> Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

J	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)  Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019).  FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).									
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)	
34,481	59.4%	112	277	428	496	536	589	2,439	7.1%	

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
4	13	17	17	12	12	14	15	16	16	138

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savi	State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)								
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline							
23,587	311	-1.3%							

# **Wyoming**

Medicaid FMAP for Newly Eligible (Percentage)							
Original FMAP*	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	
50.0	87.3	86.3	95.3	84.3	83.3	82.3	

<sup>\*</sup> Based on 2009 FMAP

Eligibility and Enrollment Estimates Increase in Eligibility for All People over 133% FPL , For Years 2014-2019								
Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled	Newly Enrolled Newly Eligible	Newly Enrolled Previously Eligible	Total Enrolled	Change From 2019 Baseline			
39,049	19,218	18,045	1,174	81,245	31.0%			

Source: Urban Institute. This is the projected gross enrollment increase. It does not take into account (a) reduction in optional coverage > 133% FPL; (b) shifting of CHIP to the exchange.

State Spending 2010-2019 (millions)	State Spending Net of (1) Cost of Medicaid Expansion, (2) Savings from Reduced Optional Coverage>133% FPL, (3) Reduced Chip Spending; and (4) Medicaid Drug Savings						
Medicaid Baseline Spending	3-Year State Spending (2010-2012)	10-Year State Spending (2010-2019)	Change from Baseline (2010-2019)				
2,998	-5	43	1.4%				

Source: SFC Democratic staff estimates from HHS and the Urban Institute, state data from Kaiser Family Foundation, and CBO

State Medicaid Costs: CHIP Wrap Around Costs (2010-2019) (million)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending (2010-2019) Wrap Around Coverage Costs Change From Baseline							
2,998	25	0.8%					

Source Urban Institute. Assumes that the state cost of the wrap-around = 25% of current spending.

Change in State Spending 2014-2019  Medicaid Baseline Spending Spe								014-2019).	
Spending	Original FMAP	State Spending (2014)	State Spending (2015)	State Spending (2016)	State Spending (2017)	State Spending (2018)	State Spending (2019)	Total State Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
2,998	50.0%	3	7	12	14	16	18	70	2.3%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

Change in Fede	Change in Federal Spending 2014-2019 (million)								
	Chairman's Mark: 27.3 % point increase for "Expansion" states and 37.3-32.3 % point increase for "Other" states (2014-2019). FMAP capped at 95%. 100% FMAP for "High-Need" states (2014-2018).								
Federal Medicaid Baseline Spending <sup>1</sup>	Original FMAP	Federal Spending (2014)	Federal Spending (2015)	Federal Spending (2016)	Federal Spending (2017)	Federal Spending (2018)	Federal Spending (2019)	Total Federal Spending (\$)	Change from Baseline (%)
2,998	50.0%	16	38	58	66	69	75	322	10.7%

<sup>1</sup>Urban Institute: Projections are calculated by applying estimated growth rates for the benefit categories from CBO's March 2009 baseline projections of federal Medicaid outlays to the states' share of actual total spending in 2008 calculated using the CMS-64 Medicaid Financial Management Report data and the 2008 FMAP values. 2010 FMAP values are then used to estimate the state's share in each projected year. State savings reflects the difference between the states' share under the baseline scenario (2010 FMAP) and states' share under the alternative FMAP scenarios. Costs include DSH or administrative costs.

State Sa	State Savings from Medicaid Drug Policies in Health Reform Prior to Full Implementation: FY 2010-2019 (millions)									
2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	Cumulative
1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	18

Source CBOs estimate Federal Savings using approximately a 57/43 Federal/state split. Allocated by state by using Medicaid drug spending by state from KFF statehealthfacts.org

State Medicaid Savings: optional Coverage Populations Above 133% FPL (millions)							
Medicaid Baseline Spending	State Savings from Optional Coverage Savings: Families (2013-2019)	Change in Baseline					
2,998	33	-1.4%					